

UNIVERSITY OF FORT HARE

AGB 321

SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS

JANUARY 2019

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Time: 3Hours

Subject: Applied Agricultural Biometry

Mark: 100

This paper consists of 5 pages including the cover page

Internal Examiners

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INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer ALL questions
- Statistical Tables will be provided.

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Question 1

- a) Define a contrast. [2]
- b) In an experiment to examine the responses of maize to nitrogen fertilizer applications, six treatments were used in 4 blocks. The treatments were:

$$T1: N_0P_0K_0 \quad T2: N_0P_{60}K_{30} \quad T3: N_{30}P_{60}K_{30}$$

$$T4: N_{60}P_{60}K_{30} \quad T5: N_{90}P_{60}K_{30} \quad T6: N_{120}P_{60}K_{30}$$

Treatment	Blocks				Total
	1	2	3	4	
T1	0.42	0.22	0.31	0.33	1.28
T2	0.46	0.42	0.58	0.55	2.01
T3	0.60	0.86	0.83	0.89	3.18
T4	2.63	2.39	1.68	2.22	8.96
T5	2.81	2.83	1.95	2.81	10.40
T6	3.39	2.50	2.50	2.10	10.49

The following ANOVA table was obtained from the analysis.

S.V	d.f	S.S	M.S	F
Blocks	3	0.53	0.18	
Treatments	5	23.60	4.72	46.07
Error	15	1.54	0.10	
Total	23	25.67		

$$F_{5,15,0.05} = 2.90$$

Prior to the conduct of the experiment, it was decided that the following differences would be examined.

- I. Between the two 'no nitrogen' treatments
- II. Effect of application of nitrogen
- III. Between low levels of nitrogen and high levels of nitrogen
- IV. Between the two low levels of nitrogen

V. Between the two high levels of nitrogen

Set the hypothesis for each contrast [10]

Compute the table of linear contrast, showing the Sum of Squares contrasts and the corresponding F-values. [15]

Comment on your results. [3]

c) Using the data in 1b above, separate the means using DMRT. Interpret your results. [10]

..... [40mks]

Question 2

An agronomist set up an experiment to examine the effects of different row spacings on Soybeans yield. The yield was recorded in kg/ha. Data obtained are displayed below.

Block	Row spacing(in)					Total
	20	25	30	35	40	
1	336	311	330	284	314	1575
2	371	345	295	299	283	1593
3	341	305	292	316	289	1543
4	346	327	307	323	286	1589
5	354	307	307	281	296	1545
6	361	303	279	269	334	1546
Totals	2190	1898	1810	1772	1802	9391

The ANOVA table for the above data is:

S.V	d.f	S.S	M.S	F
Blocks	5	540.97		
Spacings	4	12566.13	3141.53	8.50
Error	20	7391.87	369.59	
Total	29	20498.97		

Since $t=5$, a polynomial of up to order 4 is possible. Using the table of coefficients for orthogonal polynomials.

Obtain the coefficients for the linear, quadratic, cubic and quartic from the statistical table.

- a) Construct a table of contrasts, showing the Sum of Squares and corresponding F-values. [12]
- b) State the relationship that is being tested. [5]
- c) State the hypothesis. [3]
- d) Write the appropriate model. [3]
- e) Comment on your results. [2]

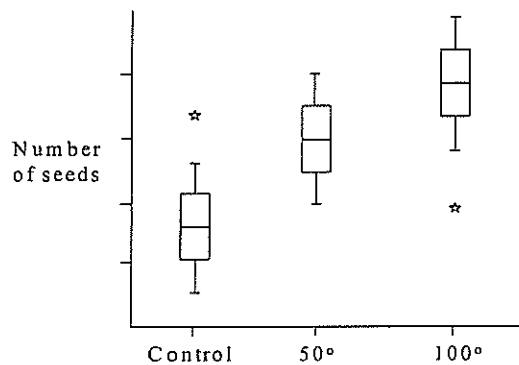
..... [25mks]

Question 3

An experiment was set up to examine the germination of *Acacia* seeds in response to heat. There were 3 treatments (no heat = control, mild heat = 50°C, extreme heat = 100°C) and 10 replicate seed boxes (each with 100 seeds) for each treatment. The data are the number of seeds germinating in each seed box. The results are presented below:

ANOVA:

Source of variation	df	MS	F-ratio	P
Between treatments	2	246.4	5.78	0.009
Residual	27	42.6		



- a) The data were not transformed - why? [4]
 - b) What null hypothesis was being tested by the ANOVA *F*-ratio test? [4]
 - c) What conclusion(s) can be drawn from the ANOVA? [6]
 - d) If the ANOVA *F*-ratio test was significant, how would you find out which temperatures were different from which others? [6]
- [20mks]

Question 4

- a) Define a Type II error in hypothesis testing, and state the statistical relationships between Type II error and the power of a statistical test. [5]
- b) Interpret the outputs below stating the assumptions of ANOVA that are being tested

Tests for Normality

Hormone	Test		--Statistic--	-----p Value-----	
Buddy:	Shapiro-Wilk	W	0.946017	Pr < W	0.6913
Control:	Shapiro-Wilk	W	0.943252	Pr < W	0.6743
Growfast:	Shapiro-Wilk	W	0.975665	Pr < W	0.8762
Shoot:	Shapiro-Wilk	W	0.972411	Pr < W	0.8563

Levene's Test for Homogeneity of Bruise Variance
ANOVA of Squared Deviations from Group Means

Source	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F
Hormone	3	44262.3	14754.1	0.46	0.7149
Error	12	384307	32025.6		

Suggest solutions to the problems observed. [10]

..... [15mks]